

and Dumping of Material into Ocean Waters.” Most permits require information on the type of pollutant or effluent being discharged or dumped, its quantity and frequency and location of discharge. Permits require monitoring and documentation.

§ 650.68 Corps of Engineers permits.

The construction of any structure in or over a navigable water of the United States, the excavating from or depositing of dredged or fill material in such waters, the accomplishment of any other work affecting the course, condition, location, or capacity of such waters, the discharge of dredged or fill material in navigable waters, and the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it in ocean waters requires a permit from the Corps of Engineers and will be processed in accordance with 33 CFR 209.120. Application for this permit is made to the local District Engineer. Applications are available from Corps of Engineers District Offices and will be completed for all projects or activities not under the design and supervision of the Chief of Engineers.

§ 650.69 State permits.

(a) Cooperating with and providing information to State and regional authorities does not include making application for State permits of any kind nor obtaining a water quality certification from the State for any activity involving the discharge of a pollutant into navigable waters. Where information or data is to be provided a State authority on a prescribed registration form and authenticated, Army installation commanders will comply with all reasonable requests and forward same with a disclaimer that:

While Federal law does not require military installations to apply for State permits or obtain State water quality certifications, this installation is desirous of complying with the objectives of State and Federal pollution control programs. However, completion of this form is not to be construed as an application for permit. To the best of my knowledge, the information presented herein is correct.

Under unusual circumstances, when the installation commander considers it prudent to respond contrary to the

above guidance, request for waiver will be submitted through appropriate command channels to HQDA (DAEN-ZCE) WASH DC 20310.

(b) In all cases, waiver request will include a legal opinion by the staff judge advocate of the installation concerned or of the next higher command having a staff judge advocate to insure legal sufficiency. Special attention should be given to questions involving registration of sources and compliance schedules to insure that the legal implications of such instruments are understood.

§ 650.70 Operator training and certification.

(a) Operators of water treatment works and sewage treatment works shall meet levels of proficiency consistent with operator certification requirements applicable to the State or region in which the facility is located. (AR 420-15, Certification of Utility Plant Operators and Personnel Performing Inspection and Testing of Vertical Lift Devices).

(b) Necessary training of water treatment works and sewage treatment works operators will be accomplished through programs sponsored by the State in which the facility is located. In the absence of such State or regional programs, training will be accomplished at qualified institutions designated by the MACOM.

§ 650.71 Waivers.

(a) No action which is contrary to the provisions contained in this subpart will be taken without first obtaining a waiver of the requirement from HQDA (DAEN-ZCE) WASH DC 20310.

(b) Waivers may be granted only if the President or the Administrator of EPA finds that the technology to implement such standards is not available or operation of the facilities in question is required for reasons of national security. Requests for such waivers will not be considered by HQDA unless it can be clearly and conclusively demonstrated that operation of the facilities in question and the proposed construction or modification meets the above criteria. Requests for waivers will be forwarded through command

channels to HQDA (DAEN-ZCE) WASH DC 20310.

§ 650.72 Investigation of complaints.

Each operating commander will establish procedures to investigate water pollution complaints and allegations from individuals and water pollution control authorities. In the case of a legal action or potential legal action, the matter will be reported immediately through judge advocate general channels to HQDA (DAJA-RL) WASH DC 20310.

§ 650.73 Water Pollution Control Report— (RCS DD-I&L (SA) 1383).

(a) The water pollution control report portion of the Environmental Protection Control Report is designed to provide HQDA with data on a phased and coordinated plan for control and abatement of water pollution for submission to OSD and OMB; and for development of the five-year Army Environmental Program. Detailed instructions for preparing and submitting this report are provided in subpart J of this part.

(b) The report will cover all portions of the water pollution control program where expenditure of funds for corrective actions is required. This includes all fixed facilities, monitoring equipment, watercraft and other mobile facilities.

Subpart D—Air Pollution Abatement

GENERAL

§ 650.81 Purpose.

The provisions contained in this chapter implement the Clean Air Act of 1970 (Pub. L. 91-604 as amended) and the applicable Federal and State Regulations issued pursuant to this Act; Executive Order 11752, Prevention, Control, and Abatement of Environmental Pollution at Federal Facilities; and DOD Instruction 4120.14, Air and Water Pollution Control.

§ 650.82 Goal and objectives.

It is the Department of the Army's goal to reduce the emission of pollutants into the air from both stationary and mobile sources to the lowest prac-

ticable limits, and at the earliest practicable date. Objectives for obtaining this goal are to—

(a) Identify air pollution emission sources, determine the kinds and amounts of pollutant emissions, and reduce pollutant levels to those specified by Federal, State, interstate, or local substantive standards.

(b) Procure commercial equipment and vehicles with internal combustion engines that meet emission standards, except for combat vehicles specifically excluded by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations.

(c) Insure that each piece of military equipment is designed, operated, and maintained so that it meets air emission standards unless specifically exempted.

§ 650.83 Explanation of terms.

(a) *Ambient air quality standards.* Those standards established pursuant to the Clean Air Act, for protecting public health and welfare.

(b) *Emission standards.* Permissible limits of emissions established by Federal, State, interstate and local authorities to achieve ambient air quality standards.

(c) *Implementation plans.* Plans developed and administered by a State to designate the methods used to implement, maintain, and enforce ambient air quality standards in air quality control regions. The plans present an inventory of emissions and their source; a comparison of current emissions with current ambient air quality conditions; amount of emission reduction necessary to attain the ambient air quality standards for each category of emission sources; and plans, including transportation control plans, for achieving emission reductions.

(d) *Mobile sources.* Vehicles, aircraft, watercraft, construction equipment and other equipment using internal combustion engines as the means of propulsion.

(e) *Monitoring.* The assessment of emissions and ambient air quality conditions, using techniques such as emission estimates, visible emission reading, diffusion or dispersion estimates, sampling, or measurement with analytical instruments.